

NATIONAL DEHOCRATIC TICKET

For President of the United States, Samuel J. Tilden. Of New York, For Vice-President,

Thomas A. Hendricks. Of Indiana.

For Electors at Large, WM. H. TRAVERS, of Jefferson county. NICHOLAS FITZHUGH, of Kanawha co. First District-J. H. GOOD. Second District-D. B. LUCAS. Third District-A. PEYSER.

For Congress-2d District. B. F. MARTIN. of Taylor county.

LET US HAVE PEACE.

Before his death, Charles Sumner offered a resolution that all the memorials of the late war should be stricken from the public cusigns. He thought that it was about time that the thoughts of the people should return to the channels of peace and reconciliation. Judge Chase and William H. Seward had also, before their deaths, expressed the hope that harmony would again be restored to the sections lately embroiled in war. But these statesmen had not risen to the sublime height. of Blaine's or Chandler's patriotism, and statecraft. These new leaders think there is nothing like sectional inflamation to insure national prosperity. The great danger to the country, in their opinion, is to be apprehended from a returning era of good feeling and Christian charity. The proper stimulus to the development of national greatness is to be looked for in the alienation of the sections. and the mutual hatred of the two contiguous races. This is the Radical religion of the new dispensation of Hate. But the people, it seems, can not appreciate this new faith. They have declared, by pretty emphatic indieations, that they have no confidence in the blood-red dogmas of these prophets of chaos and civil strife. They want reconciliation, and they mean to have it. New York will soon tell the story. Let us have PEACE.

A FOLITICAL INFAMY.

There was received at this office a few days ago, in an envelope with a canceled stamp, but without any post-mark, a Republican campaign document enclosed in a Democratic document. Enclosed in Gov. Tilden's letter on Southern War Claims, comes an article purporting to be from the New York World | nounced to speak in Charlestown. of the 20th instant. The World's article waves the bloodiest shirt that has been given to the breeze during this canvass. Even Morton's ensanguined garment is immaculate from the polls on Tuesday compared with it. The article concludes with an urgent appeal to the American people to elect Hayes to the Presidency of the United States. The World is one of the strongest Democratic papers in the country, and the daring impudence of forging an article in extenso and sending it enclosed in Democratic documents to distant country papers that may not be able to discover the fraud until after the election, has certainly never been equalled in political warfare.

The envelope enclosing the bloody shirt document purporting to have been printed by the World, bears no postmark and there is no the war; that subsidies for Northern corpotrace of the place from whence it emanated. The 7th of November, however, will witness the complete overthrow of the party which hesitates at nothing that may conduce to a | South therefrom; that about 280,000 square perpetuity of its power.

THE PROSPECT.

The prospect is bright and brightening .-The canvass is every where well organized and well conducted. Our weekly papers are furnished with supplement after supplement, and our committees with cart-loads of campaign documents. All dissensions are healed. and independent candidates discouraged and frowned down. Every selfish-every individual consideration is sacrificed to the common cause. From the day that Thomas A. Hendricks magnanimously consented to abate his aspirations, and to take the second place on the ticket, there seems to have been a spirit abroad that meant victory. And now we are told that the oil of Tammany is going to unite with the water of Anti-Tammany .-What does this portend, but success? Such sacrifice, such fidelity, such integrity of purpose constitute the very Shekinah of victory, and blazon its assurance on every fold of our glorious Democratic banner.

SHALL THE BANNER BE OURS?

By the official count, it is now thought the Democratic majority in this State will be nearly or quite fourteen thousand. Jefferson's majority was exceeded only by that of Wayne, and that of Hampshire. This is all very well, but we do not like to receive consolation stakes. Let us, on the seventh day of November, so run that we may win. We can get the banner, if we will only put forth our strength. It will be a proud distinction. and we have men in our midst who know how to use it. Let every Democrat see if he can not get another vote-White or Black-for

Blaine once said of Grant's administration : "I have no influence with the present administration; no man has who is not a thief by

POLITICAL SPEAKING. On the afternoon and evening of the 24th instant, our citizens heard a couple of the best speeches that have been made in Charlestown during the present campaign. In the afternoon the Hon. H. G. Davis, one of the U. S. Senators from this State, arraigned the Republican party for its corruption in a speech that showed his thorough acquaintance with the manner in which the finances of the Federal government have been mismanaged for the past sixteen years. Senator Davis had carefully compared the expenses of the government for the past six years with those of the seventy-two years preceding 1861, and showed that the expenses for the past six years have exceeded those of the seventy-two years. His figures were taken from official sources and may be relied on as correct .-This difference in the expenditures under the Republican and the Democratic parties cannot be accounted for by the increased expenses necessarily incident upon the growth of the country since 1788. The people pay more taxes now upon each dollar of their property than they paid in 1788, but they have billions more dollars now than then. It is evident that there has been an enormous steal by somebody; and when we reflect that one railroad was given more of the public land than the entire area of the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Ohio and Indiana, we can form some idea of the manner in which the Republican party has squandered the people's money. The Senator also dwelt forcibly upon the centralizing tendencies of the Federal government, and pointed out that unless these tendencies were arrested the liberties of the people were in great danger. His speech indicated careful preparation, and a thorough acquaintance with his subject. He was listened to with interested attention for the whole of the hour and a-half occupied by him. In the evening, promptly at 7 o'clock, the Hon. Henry S. Walker delivered a speech which was pronounced by all who heard it, to combine more of the entertaining with the nstructive than any political speech that has been made in Charlestown during the present campaign. The two speeches afforded an Illustration of the different modes in which different minds will present the same subject. and, by a different train of reasoning, arrive

Let no Democratic-Conservative voter stay away next, presuming upon a large majority without his vote. The same line of action on the part of others would lose us the State.

its own conclusion, as it could easily do with-

out any assistance from any one. But argu-

mentativeness was not the only feature of Mr.

Walker's speech. The train of his argument

was enlivened and diversified, without being

interrupted, by occasional touches of pathos

and flashes of humor which held his audience

in rapt attention to the very last. His com-

parison of what the South and the country

generally might have been at this time had

the Republican party since the war pursued

a wise course, was very pathetic, and his ac-

count of Republican rule in this State, when

there were 12,000 cmees and only 20,000

people who were eligible to any of them, must

have struck even the Haves and Wheeler

men as being laughable in the extreme. Mr.

Walker will draw a crowd if he is again an-

SOUTHERN CLAIMS.

Perhaps the most discreditable of all the Radical war-cries is this of Southern Claims. When we remember that the impoverished South was robbed of \$65,000,000 by an unconstitutional tax upon cotton directly after rations have been voted by the Congress to the extent of nearly \$275,000,000, not one dimes' worth of benefit ever accruing to the miles of the common public lands of all the States have been given to railroads, aggregating a territory about fourteen times as large as the whole State of West Virginia, not one acre of which went to any Southern corporation; that millions of dollars have been voted from the Federal treasury to pay war-claims incurred by Northern States during the war; that the internal revenue laws have been so constructed and manipulated that Virginia alone pays more Federal tax than all the New England States: when these facts are considered, does not the Southern Claim alarm-bell seem to ring out, with brazon clamor, every hope for a returning sense of justice, or humanity among the Republican leaders?

Remember, Jefferson is set down for Twelve Hundred Democratic majority. It will take work on Tuesday to give it.

INVITED TO TAMMANY.

Daniel B. Lucas, Esq., of this place, has been invited to address a grand Mass Meeting of the City of New York, called for the purpose of ratifying the regular Democratic National, State and County Nominations. The meeting will be held at Tammany Hall, on Thursday evening next, November 2d. Mr. Lucas, we understand, has accepted the invitation. The distinguished honor thus conferred upon Jefferson's poet-orator will be duly appreciated by his many friends and admirers here. That he will acquit himself creditably in presence of the monster meeting amount which ought to have been saved and in the great metopolis, those who know him

best have the least cause to doubt. Mr. Lucas left Charlestown yesterday, to night.



PUBLIC SPEAKING In Charlestown.

By invitation the following eminent speakrs will address the people of Jefferson, at Charlestown, on the dates mentioned, viz:

Col. F. W. M. Holliday.

Presidential Elector at Large for the Con-

servative party of Virginia, on SATURDAY EVENING, November 4th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. W. H. Travers and

D. B. Lucas, Esq., Electors for West Virginia, on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6th-Mr. Travers at 3 o'clock,

and Mr. Lucas at So'clock, P. M. The day meeting will be held at the Court-House, and the night meetings at Washing-

Turn out Democrats, and Republicans too, If the Colored Voters wish

to hear startling facts, which they should be benefitted by. let them hear the address of D. B. Lucas, Esq., on Monday evening next, at Washington Hall.

FOR COLORED VOTERS.

As an interesting political catechism for our colored voters we suggest the following: Q .- How much of the people's money did the Republican leaders rob from the Freedman's Bureau which ought to have gone to promote the comfort and civilization of the

Freedmen of the South? Ans .- Only one hundred millions of dollars. Q - How much are these Republican leadat the same conclusion. Senator Davis seemed ers responsible for, as direct plunder of Freed o rest content with a simple statement of men's savings, in the Freedman's Bank? crushing facts, leaving his audience to draw

A .- Only Fifty sic millions of dollars. Q .- What colored man has held the highest position ever occupied by any of his race

n the world? A .- The Rev. H. W. Revels, of Mississ sippi, late Senator of the United States.

Q -What are his politics? A .- He is a Democrat.

Q -What has he to say of Radical rule in Mississippi and the South?

A .- He says: I cannot recognize, nor do the masses of my people who read, recognize the majority of the officials who have been in power the past two years as Republicans. We o not believe that Republicanism means corruption, theft and embezzlement. These three offences have been prevalent among the great portion of our office-holders. To them must be attributed the defeat of the Republican party in the State, if defeat there but I, with all the lights before me. look upon it as an uprising of the people, the whole people, to crush out corrupt rings and men from power. The bitterness and bate created by the late civil strife, have, in my opinion, been obliterated in this State. except, perhaps, in some localities, and would have long since been entirely effaced were it not for some unprincipled men who would keep alive the bitterness of the past and inculcate a hatred between the races, in order that they may aggrandize themselves by office and its emoluments to control my people,

the effect of which is to degrade them. Q - Who compose the majority of voters

in Mississippi? A .- Colored Democrats.

Q - How do the colored men of Arkansas regard the average carpet-bagger?

A .- As "a natural born thief."

Q -What then is the whole duty of the colored voter in West Virginia ? A .- It is to cut loose from his pretended leaders and teachers of the Radical party, and vote for Tilden, Reform, better times,

and pure government. If the Presidential election is to be taken as a basis of voting in the next Conveniion, it behooves every precinct to poll its largest Democratic-Conservative vote on Tuesday.

OUR LEGISLATURE UNCHANGED.

According to the latest returns the complexion of the West Virginia Legislature remains uuchanged. The new Legislature, which neets next January, will be Democratic by exactly the same majority as in 1876-47 on joint ballot. The new Legislature will elect two United States Senatorsone to succeed Henry G. Davis, Democrat, whose term expires in March, 1877, and the other to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Allen T. Caperton. The latter place was filled last August by Gov. Jacob by the appointment of ex-Gov. Samuel Price-Democrat, but this appointment could only hold good until the meeting of the Legislature. Amongst the candidates already announced for the vacant places are Hons. H. G. Davis, C. J. Faulkner, Samuel Price, Frank Hereford and Mr. Henry S. Walker.

The Democratic saving in expenditures last year amounted to an average of one hundred and four thousand dollars to each Congressional district. How would you like the was not, during ten years of Radical extravagance, to be now in the pockets of the people? This district would then have a cool speak, by invitation, at Hagerstown, Md., last million of dollars more wealth than she now has. And yet Col. Lamon cannot see it !

COMPARE THE TWO MEN.

Can any reasonable man believe that Hayes is as fit for the executive duties of the Presidency as Tilden?

Hayes was a cipher in Congress. He has never put forth an original political idea. Those who know him best do not venture to accredit him with executive talent, though they may grant that he is kind and amiable. As Governor of Ohio, he is so hedged about by constitutional restrictions that he is little more than a figurehead? He has in no respect moulded the present canvass in his behalf. His backers, as also those who put him up as a Presidential candidate, are far stronger men than he, and they naturally pay no re gard to the opinions, such as they are, of the plastic Hayes. He talked of civil service reform in his letter of acceptance. He would be as powerless to carry it into effect against men like Morton, Blaine, Chandler, and the Camerons, as a child to make a breach in a fortress. Hayes's record is that of a feeble. uncertain man, good of heart, perhaps, but muddy of head.

Tilden, on the contrary, is a man whose professional advice has been sought, prized. and followed by a generation of the ablest practical men of the country. He is familiar with our whole political history, and has, since he reached manhood, been a prominent actor in it. Finance, taxation, the limits of the power of the Government, and the duties of an executive officer have been the subjects and hear the truth expounded from honest of his life-long study. As Governor of New York, he has made his ideas and influence felt through legislation, and can point to a vastly reduced taxation as the fruit of his labors. Gov. Tilden has left his mark on this State, and he would leave it on the national Government. He is a man of rare executive capacity, and of backbone, with definite conceptions of his political duties, and the will, the astuteness, and the intellectual vigor to carry them out.

> Nobody who compares Haves and Tilden fairly on their record, can fail to conclude that the Republican candidate is a mere shadow beside the Democratic .- N. Y. Sun.

What precinct in Jefferson county will bear off the banner on Tuesday in its majority for Tilden and Hendricks, Martin and Reform?

COLORED DEMOCRATS.

The exodus of colored voters from the Republican ranks and their alliance with the Democratic party, as the only hope for a reform in the national administration, and a change for the better in the condition of the country, is becoming daily more wide-spread and contagious. At a mass-meeting of colored voters, held in Baltimore, on Thursday night, R. H. Robinson, pastor of Orchard-Street M. E. Church, (colored.) said he had never before appeared in polities, but after looking around and seeing the condition of his people, had taken his stand. When he first uttered a democrație sentence he was about to be ostracised; but he always had a leaning to the Democratic party. The best men in Congress and all the greatest generals in the Union army had been Democrats. He wanted to go where the brains were, for brains would win. The colored men had begun to look around and see what was best for them. Some men say that the Democrats made slaves of the negroes and took their earnings. If so, they at least fed and clothed them, and the republicans have never done that. They made them free and stole away their earnings. It is said the Democrats will take away the colored man's vote, but that is a lie. The negroes are at work all over the South, and will roll up a majority for Tilden and Hendricks in November.

A number of colored voters of Shepherdstown and vicinity, in our own county, organized a Tilden and Hendricks Club on Wednesday night last.

Vote early on Tuesday next, and then see about getting your neighbors and friends to the polls.

THE TABLES TURNED.

The particulars of an interesting episode n the political campaign in South Carolina is given by the N. Y. Herald's correspondent at Beaufort, S. C. At Beaufort, on Thursday, a number of Democratic speakers attempted to address a crowd of colored voters, but another crowd, headed by leading white carpet-bag politicians, appeared on the scene, and by their noisy demonstrations completely drowned the voices of the speakers as they successively made their appearance and essayed to speak. Finally Gen. Hampton, the Democratic nominee for Governor, made his appearance, and, in adjourning the meeting n consequence of the interruption, announced that the disorderly proceedings had been witnessed by eight naval officers from the squadon near by, who were present in citizens' at tire, and who had expressed themselves as horoughly disgusted with the intolerant and disreputable conduct of the Republican leaders and their followers. The announcement was a great surprise to the violators of free speech, who have been so clamorously demanding the presence of the military in order to protect them in the exercise of the free ballot.

Gov. Hendricks, of Indiana, reached his home at Indianapolis on Thursday night from a protracted series of political engagements in Illinois and Indiana. He was interviewed upon the Southern claims question and Gov. Tilden's letter, and said that he was glad that Mr. Tilden had been afforded the opportunity to place himself upon the record in such an admirable manner. He said that he thought the letter would do much good for the cause, as it would prevent the public mind from being misled through malicious misrepresentation. He said that his own position in the premises was heartily in accord with Mr. Tilden's, referring to a speech recently made wherein he showed up the claims question in its true light.

GOV. TILDEN ON THE SOUTHERN CLAIMS.

New York, Oct. 21 .- Governor Tilden has addressed to Hon. Abram S. Hewitt a letter to-day declaring his position in regard to the Southern claims. He quotes the fourteenth amendment of the constitution, points to the fact that it has been repeatedly approved by the Democratic State Convention of the South, and was adopted as a part of the platform of the last National Democratic convention, which declared it to be universally accepted as a final settlement. Gov. Tilden, after citing his own public declara-

tions on the subject, previously made, says: "Should I be elected President the provisions of the fourteenth amendment will, so far as depends on me, be maintained, executed and enforced in perfect and absolute good faith. No rebel debt will be assumed or paid; no claim for the loss or emancipation f any slave will be allowed; no claim for any oss or damage incurred by disloyal persons arising from the late war, whether covered by the fourteenth amendment or not, will be ecognized or paid. The cotton tax will not be refunded. "I shall deem it my duty to veto every

oill providing for the assumption or payment of any such debts, losses, damages, claims or for any refunding of any such tax. The danger to the national treasury is not from claims of persons who sided the rebellion, but from claims of persons residing in the Southern States or having property in those States, who were or pretended to be or who for the sake of aiding claims now pretend to have been loyal to the government of the Union. Such claims even of loyal persons, where they are from acts caused by the operations of war, have been disowned by the public law of civilized nations, condemned by he adjudications of the Supreme Court of the United States, and only find any status by force of specific legislation of Congress. 'hese claims have become stale, and are often tainted with fraud. They are nearly always owned in whole or in part by claim agents. by speculators or lobbyists, who have no equity against the tax-payers or the public. They should in all cases be scrutinized with jealous care.

"The calamities to individuals which were inflicted by the late war are for the most part irreparable. The Government cannot recall to life the million of our youth who went to untimely graves, nor compensate the sufferings or sorrow of their relatives or friends. It cannot readjust between individuals the burdens of taxation hitherto borne, or of debts incurred to sustain the Government, which are yet to be paid. It eannot apportion anew among our citizens the damages or losses incident to military operations or resulting in every variety of form from its measures for maintaining its own existence. It has no safe general rule but to let bygones be bygones, to turn from the dead past to a new better future, and on that basis to assure peace, reconciliation and fraternity between all sections, classes and races of our people, to the end that all the springs of our productive industries may be quickened, and a new prosperity created in which the cvils of the past shall be forgotten. SAMUEL J. TILDEN"

POOL SELLING ON THE PRESIDENTIAL Election .- Last night, for the first time ince pool-selling on the presidential election began, Tilden's chances-thanks no doubt to his letter which knocked the breath out of the latest campaign slander-were reckoned better than those of Hayes. Of course this in a measure owing to the earnestness with which the hedging Republicans who betted against Tilden at the first are now backing him; none the less is it a most significant fact. Betting men have no politics, and candidates are to them but as cards or colts, the highest or fastest has the most friends. This

			Tilden's
		C	bances in
			100 con-
Day.	Tilden.	Haves.	sidered.
October 5	\$300	\$500	37.5
October 9	500	900	85.7
October 16	55	80	40.8
October 25	95	100	48.7
October 26	200	185	51.9
"Money tal	ks" very pl	ainly in th	is case -

G. W. Curtis told the Syracuse Convention what he knew about the Grant-Hayes party : he said :

"While we are justly proud of the great men and of the great measures with which our party is historically identified, we, as Republicans, are yet conscious what we need at a time when every one of us knows - whether any of us are willing openly to confess it or not-that that party name that we cherish so sacredly has been stained with foul disgrace; the corruptions of administration, exposed in every direction, and culminating at last in the self-confessed bribery of the Republican Secretary of War; the low tone of political honor and of political morality that has prevailed in official Republican service; the increasing disposition of the officers and agents of the administration of this country to prostitute the party organization relentlessly and at all costs to personal ends has everywhere aroused the apprehension of the friends of free government and has startled and alarmed

the honest masses of the Republican party.' Leading citizens of South Carolina, including the highest church dignitaries and the principal business men, unite in an address to the country showing that the charges against the loyalty of the people of South Carolina are not true, that there is no state of insurrection against the State government, that the white people are not hostile to the colored people, and that there is no lawful cause or occasion whatever for the federal government to interfere, for the protection of the State government; that the recent race riots were not initiated by the white citizens : that the few rifle clubs in the State were not organizations for purposes of murder and intimidation, and that the action and expressions of Gov. Chamberlain arise from purely partisan and selfish motives.

The municipal election in Baltimore, on Wednesday, resulted in a sweeping victory for the Democracy, they having carried 19 out of 21 wards by a majority of 5,780 in a total vote of 42,928. Latrobe's majority last year was 2,765.

Returns from all the counties in this State except ten give the vote for Supreme Court Judges as follows: Haymond, 48,670; Johnson. 48,535; Berkshire, 35,556; Flick, 37, 624; Green, 47,700; Brown, 38,690.

Four years ago Carl Schuz said of Grant's administration : "The administration has this peculiar merit-it is so grossly corrupt as to satisfy any mind, even the most stupid, that reform is necessary."

ADDRESS.

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters

of West Virginia: Upon the eve of the most important election in the history of our country, the Democratic and Conservative State Executive Committee of West Virginia invite your active co-operation, to complete in November the work so happily begun in October. The election of a Democratic President is demanded by the voice of an outraged and plundered people, and assured by the splendid political events of October 10th. The elections in Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia, have not only brought within easy reach the national success of the Democratic and Conservative party, but they have showed that the Repubican party can only be retained in power through the shameful neglect and inactivity

of Democratic and Conservative voters. To you, voters of West Virginia, the occasion is full of interest and responsibility. For the first time in her history as a State, West Virginia has given in a Presidential year, a Democratic majority-a majority so unexpected and so startling in its magnitude that the entire country thrills under its effect. Scarcely less potent in its influence than the splendid vote by which Indiana ranged herself on the side of pure government and presaged the national triumph of Reform. This magnificent Democratic majority in your State must not simply be maintained, it must be increased.

Under Republican auspices West Virginia has held the humblest of positions among her sister States, unheeded in public councils. powerless in shaping public destiny. Through your efforts she has been brought to a conspicuous position before the country-conspic uons alike for the independence and incorsuptible integrity of her people, for the startling emphasis with which she has passed her verdict on prevailing mal-administration, and for the tremendous influence she has wielded in directing public events in this Centennial year.

When the incoming Democratic administration shall inaugurate the great work of National Reform, let West Virginia have such prominence therein as shall place her second o none in the Union. An increased majority for Tilden and Hendricks in November, and an unbroken delegation in Congress to uphold their hands, will give the world assurance of your resolute sincerity in your recent demand for "a change of Administration. a change of measures and a change of men.

The few days yet remaining before the election leave ample opportunity for individual as well as for organized effort. Let every man who stood up for the Democracy in Oc tober attest by his work and his vote in November, that he loves his country as well as he loves his State. Let every voter who wishes for a pure government, a prosperous republic and a happy people repeat with increased emphasis, on November 7th, the de-cision by which West Virginia has declared the Republican party unfit to be trusted with the destinies of the American people. M. RIELLY, Chairman.

INGERSOLL .- The New York Evening Ex press speaks of the favorite Republican orator, Col. Ingersoll, as follows:

"The man who in his book on "The Gods and Other Lectures" calls the Almighty "an infinite fiend," who says "we will despise and dely him," who asks "who can worship such a God? who can bend the knee to such a monster? who can pray to such a fiend?"who calls the Deity "a phantom that is deaf and damb and blind," and whose words and thoughts are covered like a black chul all over with imprecations against the Bible-is again invited to be the exponent of Hayesism and Wheelerism, and Republicanism in the State of New York."

This man Ingersoll is considered very clo quent because he is unconscionably ribald and blasphemous.

MARRIED.

In Martinsburg, on Wednesday last, the 25th of October, 1876, at the residence of Mr. W. H. Rataman, by the Ray, M. L. Culler, Mr. ED-WARD T. LICKLIDER, to Miss JENME ENF-LER, eldest daughter of Mr. C. Moore Entler, both of Stepherdstown. October 24, 1876, at the residence of the bride's

parents, by Rev. A. E. Rogers, Dr. JOHN P. SNODGRASS and Miss ELLA VIOLA EMMERT, SNODGRASS and Shiss Ellia viola Listator, all of Martinsburg. October 22, 1876, at St. Joseph's Catholic Church, by Rev. Father Crarles Van Quekelber-ger. Mr. M. W. RIORDAN and Miss ELLA GAL-LAHER, both of Martinsburg.

DIED.

On Tuesday, the 19th of September, 1876, i NAH J. BARDWELL, mother of Col. George H. Bardwell in the 75th ard well, in the 75th year of her nge In williamsport, Md., A. D. FREED, son of Rev. J. D. Freed, of Martinsburg, aged about 23

In Ba'timore, on the 24th instant, of Scarlet Fever, JAMES H. infant son of George and Mary Hilbert, aged I year, 9 months and 7 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Goods for the Season. T HAVE just returned from Baltimore with a

DRY GOODS, HATS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

which I will sell cheap for Cash, on corner of Lawrence street and Academy alley.

MRS. MARY O. AVIS. October 31, 1876.

DARNES' PATENT FOOT-IAR AND SCIEDLE SAWS, LATHES, ETC., FANCY WOODS AND DE-10 different machines suited to the wants of mechanics and amateurs. Man, Boys and Ladies are making from \$2 to \$10 per day using them. The old style thrown aside when these are known. Say where you read this, and send for 48 page catalogne FREE. W. F. & J. Barnes, Rockford, Winnebago Co., Ill.

October 21, 1876-21t.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS. A LL persons are hereby forewarned against trespassing-either by hunting, fishing. LL persons are hereby forewarned agains of trespassing-either by hunting, fishing passing through without permission, or other wise-upon the lands of the undersigned, nea Myerstown, Jefferson county, West Virginia. Mrs. A. C. LEWIS. R. HUME BUTCHER, HENRY W. CASTLEMAN. October 21, 1816-44.

October 31, 1876-41. NOTICE.

WOULD respectfully ask those who know themselves indebted to me, to come and settle at once, as I need money to meet just demand D. S. HUGHES. October 31, 1876.

AP Rugs and Horse Blankets. A fine line of the above goods.

JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO. JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO.

SAUSAGE CUTTERS and Fillers, Siew Pans,
Shovel and Tongs, Sad Irons. Dog Irons,
Butcher Knives, for sale by

JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO. CODDER Varm and Hampera; at reduced rates.

JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO. EAGLE Bill Corn Huskers, for sale by JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO. THE Cheapest and Best Powder and Shot in the County. Try it. For sale by JAS. LAW HOOFF & CO. THE largest and cheapest line of Cutlery in the

Cord, Picture Nails, &c., for sale by

JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO.

Grand Silver Wire for Pictures, Picture

Gord, Picture Nails, &c., for sale by

JAS. LAW. HOOFF & CO.

October 31, 1876.

REAL ESTATE.

WESTERN FARM

For Sale.

A GENTLEMAN wishes to dispose of a Val-uable Fa. m in Cooper county, Missouri,—

320 Acres, Two hundred acres of which is Cleared Land and Fifty acres in TIMBER - all enclosed. There is on the farm a

GOOD HOUSE with Four Rooms and a Kitchen-bouse nearly new; a Cistern at kitchen door and a Weil in the yard; a new Barn two years old, good Orchard for peaches and apples, and a Tenement

Every Field Well Watered. The land is in high state of cultivation, and 40 acres of Timothy. Fence all new, and farm in good trim.
The farm is in a good neighborhood, close to school, (and a good one) and church, and within three miles of two railroads-one leading to Chicago and the other to St. Louis.

Will be sold on the most reasonable terms.—
For further particulars enquire at the SPIRIT OFFICE.

September 19, 1876-tf. PUBLIC SALE

OF A Valuable Farm.

BY virtue of a decree entered at the March Term, 876, of the Circuit Court of Jefferson, we will sell, at Public America.

THE FARM belonging to JAMES W. SHIRLEY, situated on the Smithheidtand Harper's Perry Turapake, about four unles from Charlestown and three from Smithheid, containing

A LITTLE OVER 235 3-4 ACRES.

before the Count-House, on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1st, 1876. The farm is beautifully situated, level and nearly square, with a fine Brick House nears the centre. Outbuildings good, but not extra.

Timber Abundant and Fine.

with a very fine ORCHAED, and only one mile from Cameron's Denet, on the W. & P. Ralroad. Land att LIMESTONE, and or the finest quality. THE MOST DESIRABLE FARM NOW IN MARKET IN THE SHENANDOAU VALLEY. TERMS .- One-third Cash, and balance in two

ognal instalments, at one and two years respec-tively, and both to be evidenced by bends of the purchaser, and secured by deed of trust on

DAN'L B. LUCAS,
FRANK BECKWITH,
Special Commissioners,
October 3, 1876-51.

BANK STATEMENT.

REPORT of the condition of the First Na-tional Bank of Jell-tson at Charlestown, in the State of West Verginia, at the close of

Loans and Discounts	\$54 530	6
Overdrafts	18	
U. S. Bonds to Secure Circulation	75,000	
Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	8,999	
Due from Approved Reserve Agents	4,224	
Due from other National Banks		
Due from State Paulanut Paulan	409	
Due from State Banks and Bankers	2.7-9	
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	2,455	1
Current Expenses and Taxes paid	1,3 2	ď
Premiums paid	10,272	1
Checks and other Cash items	137	G
Bills of other National Banks	4,411	1
Fractional Currency and Nickel	62	
Specie	66	
Legal Tender Notes	7.570	
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer		
mediaprious a una with C. D. Frensurer	0,515	ð
	9176,714	-

Capital Stock paid in

\$175,714 30 STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, ?

County of Jefferson.

I. Samuel Howell. Cashier of the above samed Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. SAMUEL HOWELL, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before use, this day of October, 1876. J V SIMMONS.

Notary Public. Correct - Attest.
EDWARD Tranner,
H. O. Talborr,
W. L. Wilson,
October 17, 1876.

Geo. W. Armentrout. BRICKLAYER AND STONE-MASON. Charlestown, W. Va.

CONTINUES to donli kinds of Masonry - Stone O and Brick Work, Cistern Banding and Re-pairing, Curbing, Paving, and all Repairs where a Mason is needed, on short notice and at the very lowest prices. Residence West end of Main street, near the Bridge. May 16, 1876-11,

LUMBER! LUMBER!

WE are prepared to furnish bills of Lumber V are prepared to furnish bills of Lumber of any size or proportions at our Mill on the Shenandoan Liver, near Conrad's Store.—
Time given to responsible parties. Any inquiries answered by addressing E. L. LAMBERT,
River Bank, Rockingham County, Va.,
Or J. P. HOUCK,
Shenandoah Iron Works, Page Co., Va.

FOR SALE.

O'NE of the best HORSES in the county for lady's and general family use. Well broken to both saddle and harness Safe and gentle as a kitten and true to her work Not afraid of cars nor anything else. Walks well, trots, paces and racks, as required. First-rate for a young lade to ride from her home to school. Color, cark hay Keeps fat and round as a ball on little food, and for sale because the owner has no use for her. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Sept. 5, 1576—tf. [Free Press copy.]

Threshing Machine FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale-either to be paid in money, or in exchange for Timber of Stock—his New Sweepstakes Threshing Maschine. It is a No. I machine, and the best reference will be given as to the work done by it in this county. Its capacity with Ten horse-power is 60 bushels per hour, and with Steam 80 to 90 bushels.

October 31, 1876-3t. O. W. ROWLAND. PURE BERKSHIRE PIGS.

PERSONS in want of THOROUGHBRED PEDIGREED BERKSHIEE PIGS, can obtain them-singly or by the pair or two-by calling on the undersigned. Price \$5 each.—Every animal sold guaranteed to be of the purest blood.

ALBERT L. MOORE.

4 ugust 5, 1876-1v. FOR RENT.

THE old Wagon-Maker Stand on the "Cattail" larm of George W. E chelberger. Apply to December 28, 1875-1f.

FALL STYLES IN HATS,

UST received, and marked very low, at TAYLOR'S. Main St., near the Market, CASSIMERES, a pice assortment, at very low prices, at TAYLOR'S.

Main St., near the Market. October 17, 1576. LIME! LIME!! KILN of Fresh Burnt Lime for Sale by WEIRICK & WELLER, October 19

BOOTS AND SHOES. FOR Men and Women, for sale Cheap by Oct. 17, 1876.

D. 8 HUGHES.

\$5 to \$20 Per Day at home Samples worth \$1 free. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

SEND 25c. to G.P. ROWELL & CO., New York for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. \$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms iree. TRUE & CO., Augusts, Maine.